

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA**

JOSE FIGUEROA,
Plaintiff,

v.

ALEXIS SCOTTS,
Defendant.

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CIVIL ACTION NO. 21-CV-0743

ORDER

AND NOW, this 15th day of April, 2021, upon consideration of Plaintiff Jose Figueroa's Motion to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* (ECF No. 7), his Prisoner Trust Fund Account Statement (ECF No. 6), his *pro se* Complaint (ECF No. 1), and his "Motion to File a[n] Amended" (ECF No. 5), it is **ORDERED** that:

1. Leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* is **GRANTED** pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915.
2. Jose Figueroa, #24107-018, shall pay the full filing fee of \$350 in installments, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b), regardless of the outcome of this case. The Court directs the Warden of Federal Detention Center or other appropriate official to assess an initial filing fee of 20% of the greater of (a) the average monthly deposits to Figueroa's inmate account; or (b) the average monthly balance in Figueroa's inmate account for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of this case. The Warden or other appropriate official shall calculate, collect, and forward the initial payment assessed pursuant to this Order to the Court with a reference to the docket number for this case, Civil Action Number 21-743. In each succeeding month when the amount in Figueroa's inmate trust fund account exceeds \$10.00, the Warden or other appropriate official shall forward payments to the Clerk of Court equaling 20% of the preceding

month's income credited to Figueroa's inmate account until the fees are paid. Each payment shall refer to the docket number for this case, Civil Action Number 21-743.

3. The Clerk of Court is directed to **SEND** a copy of this Order to the Warden of Federal Detention Center.

4. The Complaint is **DEEMED** filed.

5. For the reasons stated in the Court's Memorandum, Figueroa's Fifth Amendment food claim is **DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE** for failure to state a claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(ii).

6. The balance of the Complaint is **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE** for failure to state a claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B)(ii), for the reasons stated in the Court's Memorandum.

7. Figueroa may file an amended complaint within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order in the event he can state a plausible basis for a claim against an appropriate defendant. Any amended complaint must identify all defendants in the caption of the amended complaint in addition to identifying them in the body of the amended complaint and shall state the basis for Figueroa's claims against each defendant. The amended complaint shall be a complete document that does not rely on the initial Complaint or other papers filed in this case to state a claim. When drafting his amended complaint, Figueroa should be mindful of the Court's reasons for dismissing the claims in his initial Complaint as explained in the Court's Memorandum. Upon the filing of an amended complaint, the Clerk shall not make service until so **ORDERED** by the Court.

8. The Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to send Figueroa a blank copy of the Court's form complaint for a prisoner filing a civil rights action bearing the above civil action number. Figueroa may use this form to file his amended complaint if he chooses to do so.

9. Figueroa's motion to amend (ECF No. 5) is **GRANTED** as consistent with the Court's grant of leave to file an amended complaint in this case.

10. If Figueroa does not wish to amend his Complaint and instead intends to stand on his Complaint as originally pled, he may file a notice with the Court within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order stating that intent, at which time the Court will issue a final order dismissing the case. Any such notice should be titled "Notice to Stand on Complaint," and shall include the civil action number for this case. *See Weber v. McGrogan*, 939 F.3d 232 (3d Cir. 2019) ("If the plaintiff does not desire to amend, he may file an appropriate notice with the district court asserting his intent to stand on the complaint, at which time an order to dismiss the action would be appropriate." (quoting *Borelli v. City of Reading*, 532 F.2d 950, 951 n.1 (3d Cir. 1976))); *In re Westinghouse Sec. Litig.*, 90 F.3d 696, 703–04 (3d Cir. 1996) (holding "that the district court did not abuse its discretion when it dismissed with prejudice the otherwise viable claims . . . following plaintiffs' decision not to replead those claims" when the district court "expressly warned plaintiffs that failure to replead the remaining claims . . . would result in the dismissal of those claims").

11. If Figueroa fails to file any response to this Order, the Court will conclude that Figueroa intends to stand on his Complaint and will issue a final order dismissing this case.¹ *See Weber*, 939 F.3d at 239-40 (explaining that a plaintiff's intent to stand on his complaint may be

¹ The six-factor test announced in *Poulis v. State Farm Fire & Casualty Co.*, 747 F.2d 863 (3d Cir. 1984), is inapplicable to dismissal orders based on a plaintiff's intention to stand on his complaint. *See Weber*, 939 F.3d at 241 & n.11 (treating the "stand on the complaint" doctrine as

inferred from inaction after issuance of an order directing him to take action to cure a defective complaint).

BY THE COURT:

/s/ Chad F. Kenney

CHAD F. KENNEY, J.

distinct from dismissals under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) for failure to comply with a court order, which require assessment of the *Poulis* factors); *see also Elansari v. Altria*, 799 F. App'x 107, 108 n.1 (3d Cir. 2020). Indeed, an analysis under *Poulis* is not required when a plaintiff willfully abandons the case or makes adjudication impossible, as would be the case when a plaintiff opts not to amend his complaint, leaving the case without an operative pleading. *See Dickens v. Danberg*, 700 F. App'x 116, 118 (3d Cir. 2017) (per curiam) (“Where a plaintiff’s conduct clearly indicates that he willfully intends to abandon the case, or where the plaintiff’s behavior is so contumacious as to make adjudication of the case impossible, a balancing of the *Poulis* factors is not necessary.”).